# Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Revision Number: <b>3.0</b>		Last updated March 7, 2021
1. Product and Company Iden	tification	
Product Name:	Ninhydrin Test Kit This test kit consists of three bottles of reagents. It is use	
		coupling of a protected amino acid to the amino resin is complete.
Manufacturer/Supplier:	AnaSpec, In www.anaspe	ec.com
	34801 Campus Drive Fremont, CA 94555 Tel: 510-791-9560	
	Fax: 510-791-9572 Email: service@anaspec.com	
	Rue du Bois	ogentec SA, s Saint Jean 5 4102 Seraing Belgium
	Tel. +32-4-3 Fax. +32-4-3 E-mail info	
	Kaneka Eur	ogentec Helpdesk
Catalog Number	Tel. +32-4-3727665 AS-25241	

# 2. Hazards Identification

*Emergency Overview:* We do recommend handling all chemicals with caution. Use proper protective equipment when handling chemicals. To our knowledge, the hazards of this material have not been thoroughly investigated.

GHS Hazard Classification:

H225 Flammable liquid (Category 2) H301 Acute Toxicity, Oral (Category 3)

H330 Acute Toxicity, Inhalation (Category 2)

H311 Acute Toxicity, Dermal (Category 3)

H314 Skin corrosion (Category 3)

H318 Serious Eye damage (Category 1)

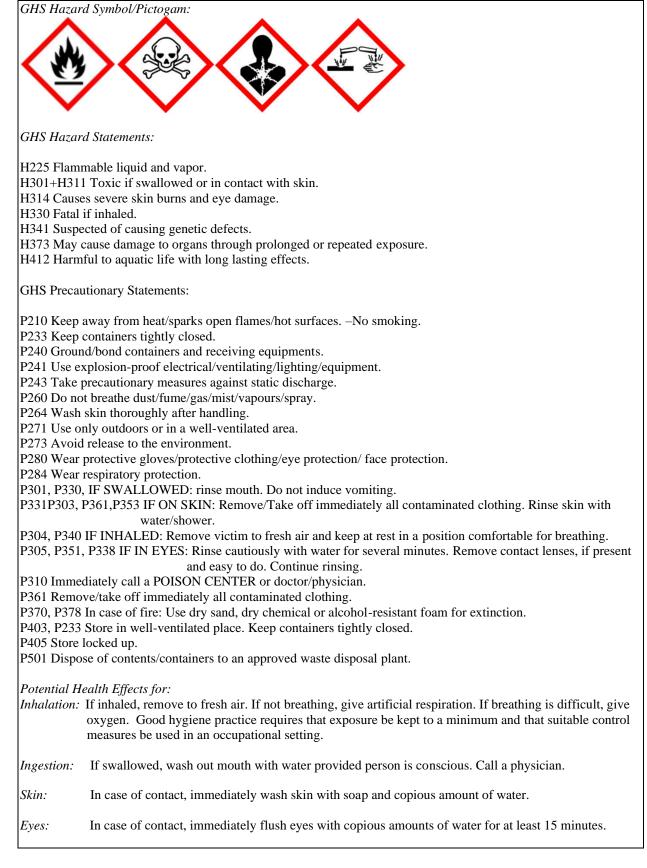
H341 Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2)

H373 Specific target organ toxicity- repeated exposure (Category 2)

H402 Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 3)

H412 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 3)

GHS Signal Words: DANGER



Chronic Exposures: No information available. We recommend limiting prolonged exposure.

*Target Organs:* No information available

HMIS Classification

Health hazard: 3 Flammability: 3 Reactivity Hazard: 0

# NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 3 Fire: 3 Reactivity Hazard: 0

#### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Ingredients/Components:

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Chemical Name	CAS Number	Concentration	Molecular Weight
Potassium Cyanide	151-50-8	KCN	65.12
Ninhydrin	485-47-2	C9H6O4	178.14
Phenol	108-95-2	С6Н5ОН	94.11
Pyridine	110-86-1	C5H5N	79.10
Ethanol	64-17-5	C2H5OH	46.07

#### 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation:	If dust is inhaled, remove from contaminated area.
	Encourage patient to blow nose to ensure clear passage of breathing.
	If irritation or discomfort persists seek medical attention.
Ingestion:	If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.
	If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to
	maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.
	Observe the patient carefully.
	Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably
	drink.
	Seek medical advice
Skin:	If skin or hair contact occurs:
	Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
	Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Eyes:	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:
-	Wash out immediately with fresh running water.
	Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the
	eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
	If pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.

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Extinguishing media:	Water spray or fog.	
	Alcohol resistant foam.	
	Dry chemical powder.	
	BCF (where regulations permit).	
	Carbon dioxide	
Special firefighting procedures:	Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of	
	hazard.	
	Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.	
	Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.	
	Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.	
	DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.	
	Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.	
	If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.	
	Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after us	
Unusual fire and explosions hazards:	Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions	

# 6. Accidental Release Measures

Spill response	Remove all ignition sources.		
	Clean up all spills immediately.		
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.		
	Control personal contact by using protective equipment.		
	Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.		
	Place in a suitable, labeled container for waste disposal		
Containment	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.		
	Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.		
	Use in a well-ventilated area.		
	DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.		
	DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.		
	Avoid contact with incompatible materials.		
	When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.		
	Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.		
	Avoid physical damage to containers.		
	Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.		
	Use good occupational work practice.		
	Empty containers may contain residual dust which has the potential to accumulate		
	following settling. Such dusts may explode in the presence of an appropriate		
	ignition source.		
	Do NOT cut, drill, grind or weld such containers		
	Use personal protective equipment		

## 7. Handling and Storage

Store at 4 °C desiccated and protected from light. Store away from oxidizing agent.

Engineering controls	Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are handled as powders or crystals;
0 0	even when particulates are relatively large, a certain proportion will be powdered by
	mutual friction.
	Exhaust ventilation should be designed to prevent accumulation and re-circulation of
	particulates in the workplace.
	If in spite of local exhaust an adverse concentration of the substance in air could occur,
	respiratory protection should be considered. Such protection might consist of:
	(a): particle dust respirators, if necessary, combined with an absorption cartridge;
	(b): filter respirators with absorption cartridge or canister of the right type;
	(c): fresh-air hoods or masks
	Build-up of electrostatic charge on the dust particle, may be prevented by bonding and
	grounding.
	Powder handling equipment such as dust collectors, dryers and mills may require
	additional protection measures such as explosion venting.
	Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which,
	in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to efficiently
	remove the contaminant.
PPE	Respiratory protection
	Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face
	respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator
	cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of
	protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested
	and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN
	(EU).
	Hand protection
	Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal
	technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this produc
	Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good
	laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.
	Eye protection
	Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved
	under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).
	Skin and body protection
	Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothin
	The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and
	amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
	Hygiene measures
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately
	after handling the product

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

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Physical State	Solution
Odour	Not available
Solubility in Water	Not available
Specific Gravity	Not available
pН	Not available
Boiling Point	N/A
Melting Point	Not available
Flash Point	N/A
Vapor Pressure:	N/A
Vapor Density:	N/A

Thermal Decomposition	No d	ata available
Dangerous Products of Decomposi	tion No d	ata available
Dangerous Reactions	COx	NOx when burned
Keep container tightly closed in a d	lry well-ventilate	d place. Store in 4°C refrigerator.
11. Toxicological Information		
RTECS Number		N/A
Toxicity		No information available.
Health Hazards		Although ingestion is not thought to produce harmful effects, the material may still be damaging to the health of the individual following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g. liver, kidney) damage is evident. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant quantities is not thought to be cause for concern.
Potential Hazards		Not available
Carcinogenicity:		No significant acute toxicological data identified
OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit(	(PEL) Data	N/A
ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		N/A
		state and federal regulations. Legislation addressing waste nd/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their
area. In some areas, certain wastes		
14. Transport Information		
	N/A	
v	N/A	
Packing Group	N/A	
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	N/A	
Packing Group Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	N/A ') N/A	
15. Regillatory information		
California Proposition 65: N/A	ol Act): N/A	
California Proposition 65: N/A US TSCA (Toxic Substance Contro		onse, Compensation, and Liability Act: N/A
California Proposition 65: N/A US TSCA (Toxic Substance Contro	vironmental Respo	onse, Compensation, and Liability Act: N/A authorization Act: N/A
US TSCA (Toxic Substance Contro US CERCLA (Comprehensive Env US SARA Title III (Superfund Am US Other: N/A	rironmental Responses of the second s	authorization Act: N/A
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Other Country Regulations: N/A

## 16. Other Information

It is not intended for food, drug, household, agricultural or cosmetic use. A technically qualified individual experienced in handling potentially hazardous chemicals must supervise its use. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Users should make independent decisions regarding completeness of the information based on all sources available. AnaSpec shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.