Human Ephrin-A3 / EFNA3 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 10188-H08H



Sino Biological Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

EFL2; Ehk1-L; EPLG3; LERK3

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the human EphrinA3 (NP_004943.1) (Met 1-Ser 213) with the C-terminal propeptide removed was expressed, with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

Measured by its ability to compete with human EphrinA3 / Fc for binding to immobilized mouse EphA6-his in a functional ELISA assay.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt $\,$ at -70 $\,^\circ \! \mathbb{C}$

Predicted N terminal: Gln 23

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant human EphrinA3 consists of 202 amino acids after removal of the signal peptide and has a predicted molecular mass of 23 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, the apparent molecular mass of rhEphrinA3 is approximately 35-40 kDa due to glycosylation.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

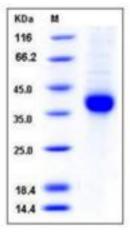
Store it under sterile conditions at -20 $^\circ\!C$ to -80 $^\circ\!C$ upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Ephrin-A3 also known as EPH-related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 3 or EFNA3, is a member of the ephrin family. The Eph family receptor interacting proteins (ephrins) are a family of proteins that serve as the ligands of the Eph receptor, which compose the largest known subfamily of receptor protein-tyrosine kinases (RTKs). Ephrin-A3 and their Eph family of receptor tyrosine kinases are expressed by cells of the SVZ. Ephrin subclasses are further distinguished by their mode of attachment to the plasma membrane: Ephrin-A3 ligands bind EphA receptors and are anchored to the plasma membrane via a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) linkage, whereas ephrin-B ligands bind EphB receptors and are anchored to the post-synaptic neuron and restricts the growth of dendritic spines through multiple pathways.

References

1.Klein R. (2009) Bidirectional modulation of synaptic functions by Eph/ephrin signaling. Nat Neurosci. 12(1): 15-20. 2.Lai KO, *et al.* (2009) Synapse development and plasticity: roles of ephrin/Eph receptor signaling. Curr Opin Neurobiol. 19(3): 275-83. 3.Prevost N, *et al.* (2002) Interactions between Eph kinases and ephrins provide a mechanism to support platelet aggregation once cell-to-cell contact has occurred. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 99(14): 9219-24.

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