



Rabbit Anti-Human CYP2C8 Polyclonal antibody (CPBT-67704RH)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	This product recognises human cytochrome p450 2C8 (CYP2C8). P450 enzymes are divided into two groups: steroidogenic and xenobiotic. The latter group is comprised of three families 1, 2 and 3. The xenobiotic p450s are involved in most oxidative drug metabolism. Work in this area is ongoing but studies suggest that all known drug metabolism is mediated by family members:CYP3A, CYP2D6, CYP1A2, CYP2C9/10, CYP2C19 and CYP2E1. is a neutralizing antibody which is a specific and potent inhibitor of CYP2C8 activity.
Specificity	CYP2C8
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	FA; WB
Format	Serum - liquid
Size	50 μΙ
Preservative	None
Storage	in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.

GENE INFORMATION

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CYP2C8 cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily C, polypeptide 8 [Homo sapiens (human)]
CYP2C8
CYP2C8; cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily C, polypeptide 8; CPC8; CYPIIC8; MP-12/MP-20; cytochrome P450 2C8; P450 form 1; cytochrome P450 IIC2; cytochrome P450 MP-12; cytochrome P450 MP-20; cytochrome P450 form 1; microsomal monooxygenase; xenobiotic m
<u>1558</u>
<u>NP_000761</u>
P10632
10q23.33
Arachidonate Epoxygenase / Epoxide Hydrolase; Arachidonic acid metabolism; Biological oxidations; CYP2E1 reactions; Chemical carcinogenesis; Cytochrome P450 - arranged by substrate type; Defective CYP11A1 causes Adrenal insufficiency, congenital, with 46,XY sex reversal (AICSR); Defective CYP11B1 causes Adrenal hyperplasia 4 (AH4);
arachidonic acid epoxygenase activity; aromatase activity; caffeine oxidase activity; heme binding; iron ion binding; monooxygenase activity; oxidoreductase activity, acting on paired donors, with incorporation or reduction of molecular oxygen, reduced flavin or flavoprotein as one donor, and incorporation of one atom of oxygen; oxygen binding; steroid hydroxylase activity;