

Data Sheet

Product Name: Bimiralisib
Cat. No.: CS-4672

CAS No.: 1225037-39-7 **Molecular Formula:** C17H20F3N7O2

Molecular Weight:411.38Target:mTOR; PI3KPathway:PI3K/Akt/mTOR

Solubility: DMSO : \geq 50 mg/mL (121.54 mM)

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

Bimiralisib (PQR309) is a potent, brain-penetrant, orally bioavailable, pan-class I PI3K/mTOR inhibitor with IC₅₀s of 33 nM, 451 nM, 661 nM, 708 nM and 89 nM for PI3K α , PI3K β ,

PROTOCOL (Extracted from published papers and Only for reference)

Cell Assay: ^[1]Human tumor cell lines are seeded into 96-well microtiter plates and exposed to five (1/2 log serial) drug dilutions plus control, followed by 48 h (except for two controls of each cell line which are fixed with TCA (cell population at t = 0 h [Tz]). The assay is terminated by fixation with TCA (10% final). Cell density is determined using a sulforhodamine B staining protocol and the absorbance measured at 515 nm. Using seven absorbance measurements, the percentage growth is calculated at each of the drug concentrations levels. Percentage growth inhibition is calculated. The NTRC Oncolines 44 cell lines are exposed for 72 h to 9-point 3-fold serial dilutions of Bimiralisib. The concentration of 50% growth inhibition is associated with the signal ((luminescence_{untreated,t=72h}-luminescence_{t=0})/2)+luminescence_{t=0}. The data set integrated here is used for IC₅₀ calculations. IC₅₀ values of A2058 or SKOV3 cell proliferation given are determined and calculated^[1].

Animal Administration: PQR309 is dissolved in DMSO to 40 mg/mL. This solution is diluted with 20% HPBCD [(2-hydroxypropyl)- β -cyclodextrin] in water^[1]. [1] Mice^[1]

Healthy male nude NIH rats are used. 2×10^7 PC-3 cells are injected subcutaneously at day 0 (D0) in 200 μ L of RPMI1640 into the right flank of male nude rats, 24 h after a whole-body irradiation with a γ -source (5 Gy, 60 Co). Tumor-bearing rats are randomized on day 16 (mean volume of 330 ± 70 mm³ according to their individual tumor volume into five groups of each eight animals using Vivo manager software. Analysis of variance is performed to test for homogeneity between groups. Daily administration on D17-D44 and from D51 to D57: group 1, vehicle; group 2, compound 1 at 5 mg/kg; group 3, Bimiralisib at 10 mg/kg. Group 4: Bimiralisib at 15

Page 1 of 2 www.ChemScene.com

mg/kg from D17 to D21, from D24 to D28, from D34 to D38, from D41 to D4, and from D51 to D56. Group 5: one iv injection of Vinorelbine at 2.5 mg/kg on D17, D24, D31, and D38. Final termination of rats is performed on D87. Body weight is measured at least twice a week. Length and width of tumors are measured and recorded twice a week with calipers, and the tumor volume is estimated.

References:

[1]. Beaufils F, et al. 5-(4,6-Dimorpholino-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-amine (PQR309), a Potent, Brain-Penetrant, Orally Bioavailable, Pan-Class I PI3K/mTOR Inhibitor as Clinical Candidate in Oncology. J Med Chem. 2017 Sep 14;60(17):7524-7538.

[2]. Wicki A, et al. First-in human, phase 1, dose-escalation pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic study of the oral dual PI3K and mTORC1/2 inhibitor PQR309 in patients with advanced solid tumors (SAKK 67/13). Eur J Cancer. 2018 Jun;96:6-16.

CAIndexNames:

2-Pyridinamine, 5-(4,6-di-4-morpholinyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-

SMILES:

NC1=NC=C(C2=NC(N3CCOCC3)=NC(N4CCOCC4)=N2)C(C(F)(F)F)=C1

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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Page 2 of 2 www.ChemScene.com