

Bioactive Molecules, Building Blocks, Intermediates

www.ChemScene.com

Product Name:	Lacidipine	
Cat. No.:	CS-2391	н
CAS No.:	103890-78-4	Ň,
Molecular Formula:	C26H33NO6	
Molecular Weight:	455.54	
Target:	Apoptosis; Calcium Channel; Reactive Oxygen Species	
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Immunology/Inflammation; Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Neuronal Signaling; NF-кВ	
Solubility:	H2O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble); DMSO : ≥ 50 mg/mL (109.76 mM)	

Data Sheet

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

Lacidipine (Lacipil, Motens) is a L-type calcium channel blocker. Target: Calcium Channel Lacidipine, a novel third-generation dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker, has been demonstrated effective for hypertension. lacidipine protects HKCs against apoptosis induced by ATP depletion and recovery by regulating the caspase-3 pathway [1]. In biological membranes deriving from rat brain tissue, lacidipine showed an activity comparable to reference antioxidant compounds like vitamin E [2]. lacidipine has some important protective effects on liver of hypertensive irradiated albino rats [3].

References:

[1]. Zhang, A., et al., Lacidipine attenuates apoptosis via a caspase-3 dependent pathway in human kidney cells. Cell Physiol Biochem, 2013. 32(4): p. 1040-9.

[2]. van Amsterdam, F.T., et al., Lacidipine: a dihydropyridine calcium antagonist with antioxidant activity. Free Radic Biol Med, 1992. 12(3): p. 183-7.

[3]. Kamal, S.M., Possible hepatoprotective effects of lacidipine in irradiated DOCA-salt hypertensive albino rats. Pak J Biol Sci, 2013. 16(21): p. 1353-7.

CAIndexNames:

3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 4-[2-[(1E)-3-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-3-oxo-1-propen-1-yl]phenyl]-1,4-dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-, 3,5-diethyl ester

SMILES:

 $\mathsf{O} = \mathsf{C}(\mathsf{C1} = \mathsf{C}(\mathsf{C})\mathsf{N}\mathsf{C}(\mathsf{C}) = \mathsf{C}(\mathsf{C}(\mathsf{O}\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}) = \mathsf{O})\mathsf{C}\mathsf{1}\mathsf{C}\mathsf{2} = \mathsf{C}\mathsf{C} = \mathsf{C}\mathsf{2}/\mathsf{C} = \mathsf{C}/\mathsf{C}(\mathsf{O}\mathsf{C}(\mathsf{C})(\mathsf{C})\mathsf{C}) = \mathsf{O})\mathsf{O}\mathsf{C}\mathsf{C}$

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 732-484-9848 Fax: 888-484-5008 E-mail: sales@ChemScene.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA