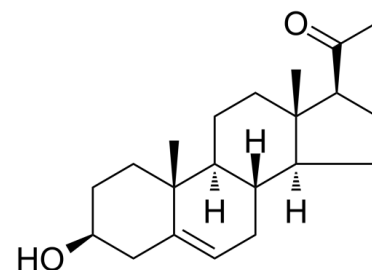


Data Sheet

Product Name:	Pregnenolone
Cat. No.:	CS-1970
CAS No.:	145-13-1
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₁ H ₃₂ O ₂
Molecular Weight:	316.48
Target:	Autophagy; Cannabinoid Receptor; Endogenous Metabolite
Pathway:	Autophagy; GPCR/G Protein; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Neuronal Signaling
Solubility:	DMSO : 12.5 mg/mL (39.50 mM; Need ultrasonic); H ₂ O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

Pregnenolone (3 β -Hydroxy-5-pregnen-20-one) is a powerful neurosteroid, the main precursor of various steroid hormones including steroid ketones. Pregnenolone acts as a signaling-specific inhibitor of **cannabinoid CB1 receptor**, inhibits the effects of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) that are mediated by the **CB1 receptors**. Pregnenolone can protect the brain from cannabis intoxication^[1] [2]. IC₅₀ & Target: Cannabinoid CB1 receptor^[1] **In Vitro:** CB1 receptor stimulation increases brain Pregnenolone levels, which in turn exerts a negative feedback on the activity of the CB1 receptor antagonizing most of the known behavioral and somatic effects of THC. Pregnenolone likely acts as a signaling-specific negative allosteric modulator binding to a site distinct from that occupied by orthosteric ligands. Pregnenolone does not modify agonist binding but only agonist efficacy^[1]. The effect of THC is significantly attenuated when slices are pre-treated with Pregnenolone 100 nM (15.1 \pm 1.8 % of inhibition). These effects are likely due to a pre-synaptic action of Pregnenolone. Thus, Pregnenolone blocks the increase in paired-pulse ratio (PPR) induced by THC but does not modify either the amplitude or the decay time of miniature EPSC (mEPSC)^[1]. **In Vivo:** Pregnenolone administration (2-6 mg/kg) blocks THC-induced food-intake in Wistar rats and in C57BL/6N mice, and blunts the memory impairment induced by THC in mice, but it does not modify these behaviors per se. Injections of Pregnenolone (2 and 4mg/kg) before each self-administration session reduce the intake of WIN 55,212-2 and reduce the break-point in a progressive ratio schedule^[1].

PROTOCOL (Extracted from published papers and Only for reference)

Animal Administration: Pregnenolone is dissolved in Tween 80 (1 drop/3 mL) and DMSO (2.5%), diluted in saline solution^[1].^[1] Mice and Rats^[1]

Adult male Wistar rats (weighing 320-340g), **Sprague Dawley male rats** (weighing 330-350g), **C57BL/6N mice** (2-3 months) and **CD1 mice** (weighing 25-30 g at the beginning of the experiments) are used. Pregnenolone is **injected subcutaneously (sc)**. The injection volumes are **1 mL/kg** of body weight for **rats** and **10 mL/kg** for **mice**^[1].

References:

[1]. Vallée M, et al. Pregnenolone can protect the brain from cannabis intoxication. Science. 2014 Jan 3;343(6166):94-8.

[2]. Ducharme N, et al. Brain distribution and behavioral effects of progesterone and pregnenolone after intranasal or intravenous administration. Eur J Pharmacol. 2010 Sep 1;641(2-3):128-34.

CAIndexNames:

Pregn-5-en-20-one, 3-hydroxy-, (3 β)-

SMILES:

C[C@@](C1=CC2)(CC[C@H](O)C1)[C@]3([H])[C@]2([H])[C@@](CC[C@@H]4C(C)=O)([H])[C@]4(C)CC3

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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