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TTR

Native Human Transthyretin (Prealbumin)

Catalog No. CRP141A Quantity: 1 mg

CRP141B 10 mg

Alternate Names: Transthyretin, ATTR, Prealbumin, Thyroxin-binding prealbumin, TBPA

Description: Transthyretin (TTR) is a serum and cerebrospinal fluid carrier of the thyroid hormone

thyroxine (T4) and retinol. This is how transthyretin gained its name, transports thyroxine and retinol. Transthyretin was originally called prealbumin because it ran faster than

albumins on gel electrophoresis.

Uniprot ID: P02766

Gene ID: 7276

Source: Human Plasma

Molecular Weight: 55.0 kDa

Formulation: Lyophilized from 0.02 M ammonium bicarbonate May contain traces of buffer salts.

Purity: ≥70% by SDS-PAGE, major band corresponds to the prealbumin subunit. Dimer and

tetramer may be observed.

Prealbumin Content: Determined by Dimension[™] Clinical Chemistry System

Reconstitution: Centrifuge the vial to ensure complete recovery of product. Reconstitute directly

into the vial using phosphate buffer, pH >7.0 containing 0.15 M NaCl

Storage & Stability: Store unopened vial for at least 1 year at 2-8°C.

Certification: Non-Infectious Disease Certification: Non-reactive for HIV-1/HCV/HBV by NAT; HBsAg,

HCV Ab, HIV-1&2 Ab and RPR by currently approved FDA methods. However, because no test method can offer complete assurance that infectious agents are absent, this material should be handled at Bio-Safety Level 2 (BSL 2) as recommended for potentially

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infectious human serum or blood specimen in the CCD/NIH manual "Biosafety in

Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories", 1999.

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