## Phospho-Akt (Ser473) Ab

Cat.#: AF3263 Concn.: 1mg/ml Mol.Wt.: 56kDa Size: 100ul,200ul Source: Rabbit Clonality: Polyclonal

Application: WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:50-1:200, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Purification: The Ab is from purified rabbit serum by affinity purification

via sequential chromatography on phospho- and non-

phospho-peptide affinity columns.

Specificity: Phospho-Akt (Ser473) Ab detects endogenous levels of Akt

only when phosphorylated at Serine 473.

Immunogen: A synthesized peptide derived from human Akt around the

phosphorylation site of Serine 473.

Uniprot: P31749/P31751/Q9Y243

Description: The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1

gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the

pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1.

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell membrane. Nucleus after

activation by integrin-linked protein kinase 1 (ILK1). Nuclear

translocation is enhanced by interaction with TCL1A.

Phosphorylation on Tyr-176 by TNK2 results in its localization

to the cell membrane where it is targeted for further phosphorylations on Thr-308 and Ser-473 leading to its activation and the activated form translocates to the

nucleus.

Tissue Specificity: Expressed in prostate cancer and levels increase from the

normal to the malignant state (at protein level). Expressed in all human cell types so far analyzed. The Tyr-176 phosphorylated form shows a significant increase in expression in breast cancers during the progressive stages i.e. normal to hyperplasia (ADH), ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS), invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC) and lymph node

metastatic (LNMM) stages.

Similarity: Binding of the PH domain to phosphatidylinositol

3,4,5-trisphosphate (PI(3,4,5)P3) following

phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase alpha (PIK3CA) activity results in its targeting to the plasma membrane. The PH domain mediates interaction with TNK2 and Tyr-176 is also essential



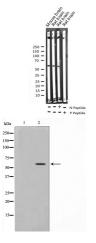
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for this interaction. The AGC-kinase C-terminal mediates interaction with THEM4. Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. RAC subfamily.

Storage Condition and Buffer:

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.



Western blot analysis of Phospho-Akt (Ser473) expression in various lysates

Western blot analysis of Akt phosphorylation expression in heatshock treated HeLa whole cell lysates, The lane on the left is treated with the antigen-specific peptide.



AF3263 at 1/200 staining human kidney tissue sections by IHC-P. The tissue was formaldehyde fixed and a heat mediated antigen retrieval step in citrate buffer was performed. The tissue was then blocked and incubated with the Ab for 1.5 hours at 22°C. An HRP conjugated goat anti-rabbit Ab was used as the secondary.



AF3263 staining HeLa by IF/ICC. The sample were fixed with PFA and permeabilized in 0.1% Triton X-100,then blocked in 10% serum for 45 minutes at 25°C. The primary Ab was diluted at 1/200 and incubated with the sample for 1 hour at 37°C. An Alexa Fluor 594 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) Ab, diluted at 1/600, was used as the secondary Ab.

<code>IMPORTANT:</code> For western blot, incubate membrane with diluted primary Ab in 5% w/v milk , 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween®20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

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