



SSTR1 Blocking Peptide (C-term)

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP21173a

Specification

SSTR1 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Product Information

Primary Accession <u>P30872</u>

SSTR1 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6751

Other Names

Somatostatin receptor type 1, SS-1-R, SS1-R, SS1R, SRIF-2, SSTR1

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 367-383 of HUMAN SSTR1

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SSTR1 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Protein Information

Name SSTR1

Function

Receptor for somatostatin with higher affinity for somatostatin-14 than -28. This receptor is coupled via pertussis toxin sensitive G proteins to inhibition of adenylyl cyclase. In addition it stimulates phosphotyrosine phosphatase and

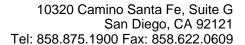
SSTR1 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Background

Receptor for somatostatin with higher affinity for somatostatin-14 than -28. This receptor is coupled via pertussis toxin sensitive G proteins to inhibition of adenylyl cyclase. In addition it stimulates phosphotyrosine phosphatase and Na(+)/H(+) exchanger via pertussis toxin insensitive G proteins.

SSTR1 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - References

Yamada Y.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:251-255(1992). Kopatz S.A.,et al.Submitted (JUN-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Schwaerzler A., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 275:9557-9562(2000).





Na(+)/H(+) exchanger via pertussis toxin insensitive G proteins.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Location

Fetal kidney, fetal liver, and adult pancreas, brain, lung, jejunum and stomach

SSTR1 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides