



#### LGALS8 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP17988b

## **Specification**

LGALS8 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession <u>000214</u>

LGALS8 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 3964** 

#### **Other Names**

Galectin-8, Gal-8, Po66 carbohydrate-binding protein, Po66-CBP, Prostate carcinoma tumor antigen 1, PCTA-1. LGALS8

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

# Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

LGALS8 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name LGALS8 (HGNC:6569)

### **Function**

Beta-galactoside-binding lectin that acts as a sensor of membrane damage caused by infection and restricts the proliferation of infecting pathogens by targeting them for autophagy (PubMed:<a href="http://www.u niprot.org/citations/22246324" target="\_blank">22246324" target="\_blank">22246324</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci

# LGALS8 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

This gene encodes a member of the galectin family. Galectins are beta-galactoside-binding animal lectins with conserved carbohydrate recognition domains. The galectins have been implicated in many essential functions including development, differentiation, cell-cell adhesion, cell-matrix interaction, growth regulation, apoptosis, and RNA splicing. This gene is widely expressed in tumoral tissues and seems to be involved inintegrin-like cell interactions. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.

# LGALS8 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Cludts, S., et al. Anticancer Res. 29(12):4933-4940(2009)Cueni, L.N., et al. Exp. Cell Res. 315(10):1715-1723(2009)Yoshida, H., et al. Acta Crystallogr. Sect. F Struct. Biol. Cryst. Commun. 65 (PT 5), 512-514 (2009):Massardo, L., et al. Lupus 18(6):539-546(2009)Savin, S., et al. Med. Oncol. 26(3):314-318(2009)



tations/28077878"

target=" blank">28077878</a>). Detects membrane rupture by binding beta-galactoside ligands located on the lumenal side of the endosome membrane; these ligands becoming exposed to the cvtoplasm following rupture (PubMed:<a hr ef="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22246 324" target=" blank">22246324</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/28077878" target=" blank">28077878</a>). Restricts infection by initiating autophagy via interaction with CALCOCO2/NDP52 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/22246324" target=" blank">22246324</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/28077878" target=" blank">28077878</a>). Required to restrict infection of bacterial invasion such as S.typhimurium (PubMed:<a href="h ttp://www.uniprot.org/citations/22246324" target=" blank">22246324</a>). Also required to restrict infection of Picornaviridae viruses (PubMed:<a href="ht" tp://www.uniprot.org/citations/28077878" target=" blank">28077878</a>). Has a marked preference for 3'-O-sialylated and 3'-O-sulfated glycans (PubMed:<a href="htt p://www.uniprot.org/citations/21288902" target=" blank">21288902</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasmic vesicle. Cytoplasm, cytosol

#### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous. Selective expression by prostate carcinomas versus normal prostate and benign prostatic hypertrophy

# LGALS8 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides