

EGFR Antibody (C-term)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AW5388

Specification

EGFR Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
WB, IHC-P,E
P00533
NP_005219.2
Human
Mouse
Monoclonal
H=134 KDa

Isotype IgG1
Antigen Source HUMAN

EGFR Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 1956

Antigen Region 1163-1191

Other Names

Epidermal growth factor receptor, Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1, Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1, EGFR, ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:25

Target/Specificity

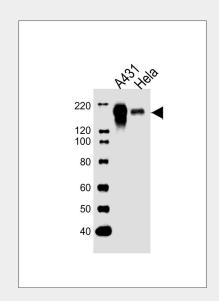
This EGFR antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1163-1191 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human EGFR.

Format

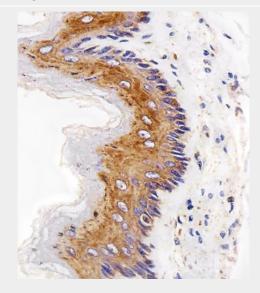
Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

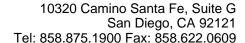
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.



All lanes: Anti-EGFR Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: A431 whole cell lysates Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 134 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded R. esophagus section using EGFR Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AW5388).





Precautions

EGFR Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

EGFR Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name EGFR (HGNC:3236)

Synonyms ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

Function

Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/2790960"

target=" blank">2790960,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/10805725"

target=" blank">10805725,

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/27153536"

target="_blank">27153536). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF-alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin,

epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-

binding EGF (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2790960"

target="_blank">2790960,

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/7679104"

target="_blank">7679104,

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/8144591"

target=" blank">8144591,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/9419975"

target=" blank">9419975,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/15611079"

target="_blank">15611079,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/12297049"

target=" blank">12297049,

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/27153536"

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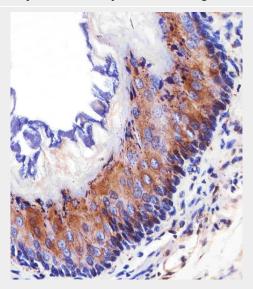
PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/20837704"

target=" blank">20837704,

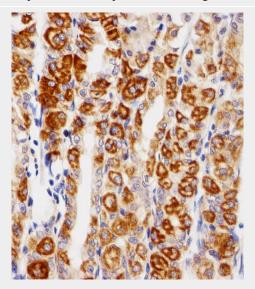
PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/17909029"

target="_blank">17909029). Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or

AW5388 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded M. esophagus section using EGFR Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AW5388). AW5388 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.



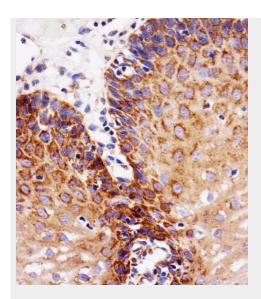
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. stomach section using EGFR Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AW5388). AW5388 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.



heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed:27153536). May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed:11116146). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed:11602604). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:11483589). Positively regulates cell migration via interaction with CCDC88A/GIV which retains EGFR at the cell membrane following ligand stimulation, promoting EGFR signaling which triggers cell migration (PubMed:<a hr ef="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20462 955" target=" blank">20462955). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Endosome Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:20674546, PubMed:17909029). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:2790960, PubMed:17182860, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:17909029). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055)



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. esophagus section using EGFR Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AW5388). AW5388 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.

EGFR Antibody (C-term) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a transmembrane

glycoprotein that is a member of the protein kinase superfamily.

This protein is a receptor for members of the epidermal growth

factor family. EGFR is a cell surface protein that binds to

epidermal growth factor. Binding of the protein to a ligand induces

receptor dimerization and tyrosine autophosphorylation and leads to cell proliferation. Mutations in this gene are

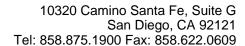
associated with lung

cancer. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants that

encode different protein isoforms have been found for this gene.

EGFR Antibody (C-term) - References

Abdallah, R.T., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(45):35206-35215(2010) Lu, C., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 30(22):5432-5443(2010) Rosell, R., et al. Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. 1210, 45-52 (2010) :





Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

Hata, A., et al. J Thorac Oncol 5(10):1524-1528(2010) Aguirre, A., et al. Nature 467(7313):323-327(2010)

EGFR Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture