

PLA2G4A Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant PLA2G4A. Catalog # AT3330a

Specification

PLA2G4A Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** P47712 Other Accession NM 024420 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype IgG1 Kappa Calculated MW 85239

PLA2G4A Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) -

Gene ID 5321

Additional Information

Other Names

Cytosolic phospholipase A2, cPLA2, Phospholipase A2 group IVA, Phospholipase A2, Phosphatidylcholine 2-acylhydrolase, Lysophospholipase, PLA2G4A, CPLA2, PLA2G4

Target/Specificity

PLA2G4A (NP_077734, 1 a.a. \sim 110 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

Format

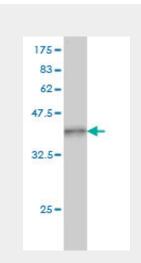
Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 .

Storage

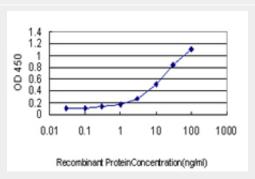
Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

PLA2G4A Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



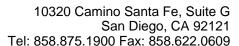
Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein.Western Blot detection against Immunogen (37.84 KDa) .



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged PLA2G4A is approximately 0.3ng/ml as a capture antibody.

PLA2G4A Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

This gene encodes a member of the cytosolic phospholipase A2 group IV family. The enzyme catalyzes the hydrolysis of membrane phospholipids to release arachidonic acid which is subsequently metabolized into eicosanoids. Eicosanoids, including prostaglandins and leukotrienes, are lipid-based cellular hormones that regulate hemodynamics, inflammatory responses, and other intracellular pathways. The hydrolysis





PLA2G4A Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

reaction also produces lysophospholipids that are converted into platelet-activating factor. The enzyme is activated by increased intracellular Ca(2+) levels and phosphorylation, resulting in its translocation from the cytosol and nucleus to perinuclear membrane vesicles.

PLA2G4A Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

Association Study of Interferon-gamma, Cytosolic Phospholipase A2, and Cyclooxygenase-2 Gene Polymorphisms in Alzheimer Disease. Feh?r A, et al. Am | Geriatr Psychiatry, 2010 Jun 30. PMID 20808133. Variation at the NFATC2 Locus Increases the Risk of Thiazolinedinedione-Induced Edema in the Diabetes REduction Assessment with ramipril and rosiglitazone Medication (DREAM) Study. Bailey SD, et al. Diabetes Care, 2010 Jul 13. PMID 20628086. Study of association between genetic polymorphisms of phospholipase A2 enzymes and Alzheimer's disease. Cordeiro Q, et al. Arg Neuropsiquiatr, 2010 Apr. PMID 20464283. Cytosolic phospholipase A2 group IVA is overexpressed in patients with persistent asthma and regulated by the promoter microsatellites. Sokolowska M, et al. J Allergy Clin Immunol, 2010 Iun. PMID 20392485. Personalized smoking cessation: interactions between nicotine dose, dependence and guit-success genotype score. Rose JE, et al. Mol Med, 2010 Jul-Aug. PMID 20379614.