

**CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP7995a**

### Specification

#### CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

|                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application       | WB,E                   |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">P10632</a> |
| Reactivity        | Human                  |
| Host              | Rabbit                 |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal             |
| Isotype           | Rabbit Ig              |
| Calculated MW     | 55825                  |
| Antigen Region    | 74-105                 |

#### CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

**Gene ID** 1558

#### Other Names

Cytochrome P450 2C8, CYPIIC8,  
Cytochrome P450 IIC2, Cytochrome P450  
MP-12, Cytochrome P450 MP-20,  
Cytochrome P450 form 1, S-mephenytoin  
4-hydroxylase, CYP2C8

#### Target/Specificity

This CYP2C8 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 74-105 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human CYP2C8.

#### Dilution

WB~1:1000

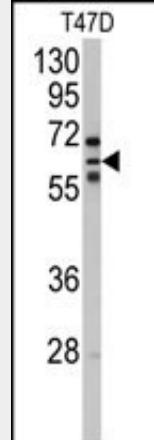
#### Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions



Western blot analysis of anti-CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term) (Cat.#AP7995a) in T47D cell line lysates (35ug/lane). CYP2C8(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

#### CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term) - Background

CYP2C8 is a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monooxygenases which catalyze many reactions involved in drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This protein localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and its expression is induced by phenobarbital. The enzyme is known to metabolize many xenobiotics, including the anticonvulsive drug mephenytoin, benzo(a)pyrene, 7-ethoxycoumarin, and the anti-cancer drug taxol.

#### CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term) - References

- Adjei,G.O., Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 52 (12), 4400-4406 (2008)  
Aquilante,C.L., Hum. Genomics 3 (1), 7-16 (2008)  
Nelson,D.R., Pharmacogenetics 14 (1), 1-18 (2004)

CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**

##### **Name CYP2C8**

{ECO:0000303|PubMed:7574697,  
ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:2622}

##### **Function**

A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of various endogenous substrates, including fatty acids, steroid hormones and vitamins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7574697"  
target="\_blank">7574697</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/11093772"  
target="\_blank">11093772</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/14559847"  
target="\_blank">14559847</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/15766564"  
target="\_blank">15766564</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/19965576"  
target="\_blank">19965576</a>). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (NADPH--hemoprotein reductase) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7574697"  
target="\_blank">7574697</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/11093772"  
target="\_blank">11093772</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/14559847"  
target="\_blank">14559847</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/15766564"  
target="\_blank">15766564</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/19965576"  
target="\_blank">19965576</a>). Primarily catalyzes the epoxidation of double bonds of polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) with a preference for the last double bond (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7574697"

target="\_blank">>7574697</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15766564"  
target="\_blank">>15766564</a>,  
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19965576"  
target="\_blank">>19965576</a>).  
Catalyzes the hydroxylation of  
carbon-hydrogen bonds. Metabolizes all  
trans-retinoic acid toward its  
4-hydroxylated form (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11093772"  
target="\_blank">>11093772</a>). Displays  
16-alpha hydroxylase activity toward  
estrogen steroid hormones,  
17beta-estradiol (E2) and estrone (E1)  
(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14559847"  
target="\_blank">>14559847</a>). Plays a  
role in the oxidative metabolism of  
xenobiotics. It is the principal enzyme  
responsible for the metabolism of the  
anti-cancer drug paclitaxel (taxol)  
(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26427316"  
target="\_blank">>26427316</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane;  
Peripheral membrane protein. Microsome  
membrane; Peripheral membrane protein

#### **CYP2C8 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you  
may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)