

# **PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP6662b

# **Specification**

# PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159) - Product Information

Application IF, WB, IHC-P,

FC,E

Primary Accession <u>Q15084</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse,

Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit Ig
Antigen Region 144-172

PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID** 10130

#### **Other Names**

Protein disulfide-isomerase A6, Endoplasmic reticulum protein 5, ER protein 5, ERp5, Protein disulfide isomerase P5, Thioredoxin domain-containing protein 7, PDIA6, ERP5, P5, TXNDC7

# **Target/Specificity**

This PDIA6 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 144-172 amino acids from the Central region of human PDIA6.

## **Dilution**

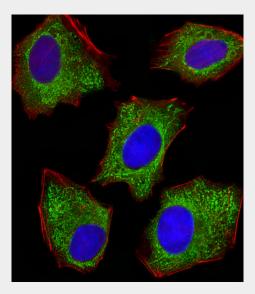
IF~~1:100 WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100 FC~~1:10~50

#### **Format**

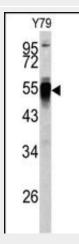
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

## Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2



Fluorescent image of HepG2 cells stained with XAF1 PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159)(Cat#AP6662b). AP6662b was diluted at 1:100 dilution. An Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 conjugated with Phalloidin (red).



Western blot analysis of PDIA6 antibody (Center K159) (Cat.# AP6662b) in Y79 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). PDIA6 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159) - Protein Information

#### Name PDIA6

Synonyms ERP5, P5, TXNDC7

#### **Function**

May function as a chaperone that inhibits aggregation of misfolded proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/12204115" target=" blank">12204115</a>). Negatively regulates the unfolded protein response (UPR) through binding to UPR sensors such as ERN1, which in turn inactivates ERN1 signaling (PubMed: <a href ="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2450839 0" target=" blank">24508390</a>). May also regulate the UPR via the EIF2AK3 UPR sensor (PubMed:<a href="http://www.unipr ot.org/citations/24508390" target="\_blank">24508390</a>). Plays a role in platelet aggregation and activation by agonists such as convulxin, collagen and thrombin (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uni prot.org/citations/15466936" target="\_blank">15466936</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Cell membrane. Melanosome. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV (PubMed:12643545)

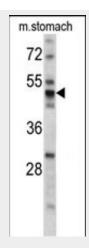
# **Tissue Location**

Expressed in platelets (at protein level).

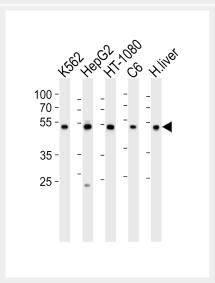
# PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

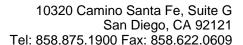
• Western Blot



Western blot analysis of PDIA6 antibody (Center K159) (Cat.# AP6662b) in mouse stomach tissue lysates (35ug/lane). PDIA6 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

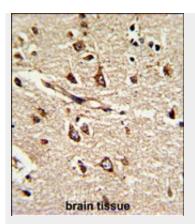


Western blot analysis of lysates from K562, HepG2, HT-1080, rat C6 cell line and human liver tissue lysate (from left to right), using PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159)(Cat. #AP6662b). AP6662b was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35ug per lane.

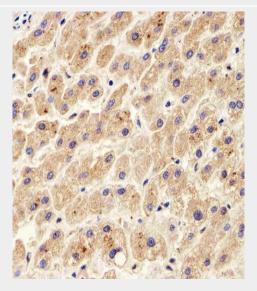




- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

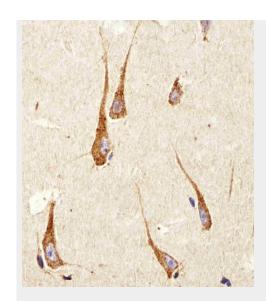


Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human brain tissue reacted with PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

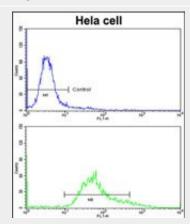


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. liver section using PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159)(Cat#AP6662b). AP6662b was diluted at 1:100 dilution. A peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.





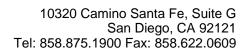
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. brain section using PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159)(Cat#AP6662b). AP6662b was diluted at 1:100 dilution. A peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.



Flow cytometric analysis of hela cells using PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram)FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159) - Background

Protein disulfide isomerases (EC 5.3.4.1), such as PDIA6, are endoplasmic reticulum (ER) resident proteins that catalyze formation, reduction, and isomerization of disulfide bonds in proteins and are thought to play a role in





folding of disulfide-bonded proteins.

PDIA6 Antibody (Center K159) - References

Hayano, T., Gene 164 (2), 377-378 (1995)