

**DIS Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP58584****Specification**

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**DIS Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>IHC-P, IHC-F, IF</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q8IX12</a>
Reactivity	<b>Rat, Dog, Cow</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Calculated MW	<b>132821</b>

**DIS Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 55749**Other Names**

Cell division cycle and apoptosis regulator protein 1, Cell cycle and apoptosis regulatory protein 1, CARP-1, Death inducer with SAP domain, CCAR1, CARP1, DIS

**Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

**Storage**

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

**DIS Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information****Name** CCAR1**Synonyms** CARP1, DIS**Function**

Associates with components of the Mediator and p160 coactivator complexes that play a role as intermediaries transducing regulatory signals from upstream transcriptional activator proteins to basal transcription machinery at the core promoter. Recruited to endogenous nuclear receptor target genes in response to the

appropriate hormone. Also functions as a p53 coactivator. May thus play an important role in transcriptional regulation (By similarity). May be involved in apoptosis signaling in the presence of the reindol CD437. Apoptosis induction involves sequestration of 14-3-3 protein(s) and mediated altered expression of multiple cell cycle regulatory genes including MYC, CCNB1 and CDKN1A. Plays a role in cell cycle progression and/or cell proliferation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12816952" target="\_blank">12816952</a>).

In association with CALCOCO1 enhances GATA1- and MED1-mediated transcriptional activation from the gamma-globin promoter during erythroid differentiation of K562 erythroleukemia cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24245781" target="\_blank">24245781</a>). Can act as a both a coactivator and corepressor of AR-mediated transcription. Contributes to chromatin looping and AR transcription complex assembly by stabilizing AR-GATA2 association on chromatin and facilitating MED1 and RNA polymerase II recruitment to AR-binding sites. May play an important role in the growth and tumorigenesis of prostate cancer cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23887938" target="\_blank">23887938</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, perinuclear region

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in various epithelial cancer cell lines, including breast, colon, prostate, pancreatic and leukemia. Expression is regulated by growth factors.

### **DIS Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)