

# **USP12 Antibody (C-term)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP2140b

## **Specification**

#### USP12 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession 075317

Other Accession P62069, P62068,

A5WWB0, Q9D9M2, A4FUN7, A5D9H7, Q5M981, Q52KZ6, NP 872294,

F1M625

Reactivity Human

Predicted Xenopus, Bovine,

Zebrafish, Mouse,

Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit Ig
Antigen Region 315-345

USP12 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 219333

## Other Names

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 12, Deubiquitinating enzyme 12, Ubiquitin thioesterase 12, Ubiquitin-hydrolyzing enzyme 1, Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 12, USP12, UBH1, USP12L1

### Target/Specificity

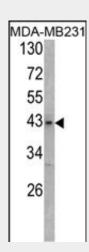
This USP12/USP46 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 315-345 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human USP12/USP46.

## **Dilution**

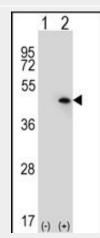
WB~~1:1000

# **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.



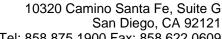
Western blot analysis of USP12/USP46 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP2140b) in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). USP12/USP46 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of USP12 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal USP12 Antibody (L315) (Cat. #AP2140b). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the USP12 gene.

## **USP12** Antibody (C-term) - Background

Modification of target proteins by ubiquitin participates in a wide array of biological functions. Proteins destined for degradation or





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# Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

USP12 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

USP12 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name USP12

Synonyms UBH1, USP12L1

# **Function**

Deubiquitinating enzyme. Has almost no deubiquitinating activity by itself and requires the interaction with WDR20 and WDR48 to have a high activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1907 5014" target=" blank">19075014</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci">- http://www.uniprot.org/ci</a> tations/27373336" target="\_blank">27373336</a>). Not

involved in deubiquitination of monoubiquitinated FANCD2 (PubMed:<a hr ef="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19075 014" target=" blank">19075014</a>). In complex with WDR48, acts as a potential tumor suppressor by positively regulating PHLPP1 stability (PubMed: <a href="http://w" ww.uniprot.org/citations/24145035" target=" blank">24145035</a>).

# **USP12 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

processing via the 26 S proteasome are coupled to multiple copies of ubiquitin. However, attachment of ubiquitin or ubiquitin-related molecules may also result in changes in subcellular distribution or modification of protein activity. An additional level of ubiquitin regulation, deubiquitination, is catalyzed by proteases called deubiquitinating enzymes, which fall into four distinct families. Ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolases, ubiquitin-specific processing proteases (USPs),1 OTU-domain ubiquitin-aldehyde-binding proteins, and Jab1/Pad1/MPN-domain-containing metallo-enzymes. Among these four families, USPs represent the most widespread and represented deubiquitinating enzymes across evolution. USPs tend to release ubiquitin from a conjugated protein. They display similar catalytic domains containing conserved Cys and His boxes but divergent N-terminal and occasionally C-terminal extensions, which are thought to function in substrate recognition, subcellular localization, and protein-protein interactions.

## **USP12** Antibody (C-term) - References

Hansen-Hagge, T.E., et al., Genomics 49(3):411-418 (1998).