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SPN Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP13717A

Specification

SPN Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	**WB,E**
Primary Accession	P16150
Other Accession	NP_001025459.1, NP_003114.1
Reactivity	**Human**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**Polyclonal**
Isotype	**Rabbit Ig**
Calculated MW	**40322**
Antigen Region	**35-64**

SPN Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6693

Other Names
Leukosialin, Galactoglycoprotein, GALGP, Leukocyte sialoglycoprotein, Sialophorin, CD43, SPN, CD43

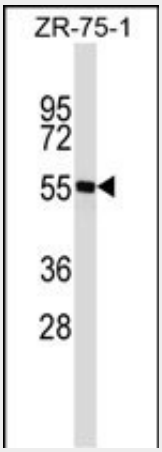
Target/Specificity
This SPN antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 35-64 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SPN.

Dilution
WB~~1:1000

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
SPN Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or



SPN Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13717a) western blot analysis in ZR-75-1 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the SPN antibody detected the SPN protein (arrow).

SPN Antibody (N-term) - Background

Sialophorin (leukosialin) is a major sialoglycoprotein on the surface of human T lymphocytes, monocytes, granulocytes, and some B lymphocytes, which appears to be important for immune function and may be part of a physiologic ligand-receptor complex involved in T-cell activation.

SPN Antibody (N-term) - References

Urano-Tashiro, Y., et al. Infect. Immun. 76(10):4686-4691(2008)
Mambole, A., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 283(35):23627-23635(2008)
Seethala, R.R., et al. Appl. Immunohistochem. Mol. Morphol. 16(2):165-172(2008)
Khunkaewla, P., et al. Mol. Immunol. 45(6):1703-1711(2008)
Rawal, A., et al. Arch. Pathol. Lab. Med. 131(11):1673-1678(2007)

therapeutic procedures.

SPN Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name SPN

Synonyms CD43

Function
Predominant cell surface sialoprotein of leukocytes which regulates multiple T-cell functions, including T-cell activation, proliferation, differentiation, trafficking and migration. Positively regulates T-cell trafficking to lymph-nodes via its association with ERM proteins (EZR, RDX and MSN) (By similarity). Negatively regulates Th2 cell differentiation and predisposes the differentiation of T-cells towards a Th1 lineage commitment. Promotes the expression of IFN-gamma by T-cells during T-cell receptor (TCR) activation of naive cells and induces the expression of IFN-gamma by CD4(+) T-cells and to a lesser extent by CD8(+) T-cells (PubMed:18036228). Plays a role in preparing T-cells for cytokine sensing and differentiation into effector cells by inducing the expression of cytokine receptors IFNGR and IL4R, promoting IFNGR and IL4R signaling and by mediating the clustering of IFNGR with TCR (PubMed:24328034). Acts as a major E-selectin ligand responsible for Th17 cell rolling on activated vasculature and recruitment during inflammation. Mediates Th17 cells, but not Th1 cells, adhesion to E- selectin. Acts as a T-cell counter-receptor for SIGLEC1 (By similarity).

Cellular Location
Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, microvillus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13838}. Cell projection, uropodium {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P15702}. Note=Localizes to the uropodium and microvilli via its interaction with ERM proteins (EZR, RDX and MSN) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13838, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P15702}

Tissue Location
Cell surface of thymocytes, T-lymphocytes, neutrophils, plasma cells and myelomas

SPN Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture