

HDAC2 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP1102b

Specification

HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application IF, WB, IHC-P,E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Antigen Region
Reactivity
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit Ig
456-488

HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3066

Other Names

Histone deacetylase 2, HD2, HDAC2

Target/Specificity

This HDAC2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 456-488 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human HDAC2.

Dilution

IF~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

Format

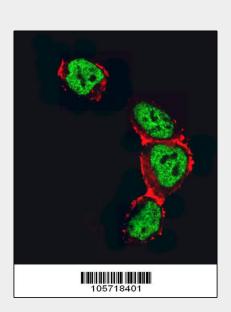
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

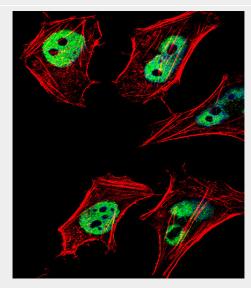
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of HDAC2 Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AP1102b) with 293 cell followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor 555 phalloidin (red).



Fluorescent confocal image of Hela cell stained with HDAC2 Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AP1102b).Hela cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated



HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name HDAC2 (HGNC:4853)

Function

Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Forms transcriptional repressor complexes by associating with MAD, SIN3, YY1 and N-COR. Interacts in the late S- phase of DNA-replication with DNMT1 in the other transcriptional repressor complex composed of DNMT1, DMAP1, PCNA, CAF1. Deacetylates TSHZ3 and regulates its transcriptional repressor activity. Component of a RCOR/GFI/KDM1A/HDAC complex that suppresses, via histone deacetylase (HDAC) recruitment, a number of genes implicated in multilineage blood cell development. May be involved in the transcriptional repression of circadian target genes, such as PER1, mediated by CRY1 through histone deacetylation. Involved in MTA1- mediated transcriptional corepression of TFF1 and CDKN1A.

Cellular Location Nucleus. Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

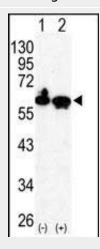
Widely expressed; lower levels in brain and lung.

HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

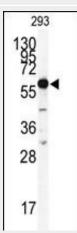
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

with HDAC2 primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37° C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37° C). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37° C). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue) (10 µg/ml, 10 min). hHDAC2 immunoreactivity is localized to Nucleus significantly.



Western blot analysis of HDAC2 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP1102b).293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the HDAC2 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).

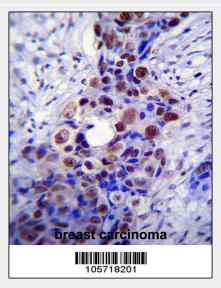


Western blot analysis of anti-HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP1102b) in 293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). HDAC2(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



m.spleen
72 55 - ◀
36
28
17

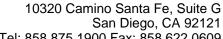
Western blot analysis of anti-HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP1102b) in mouse spleen tissue lysates (35ug/lane). HDAC2(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP1102b)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human breast carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Histone deacetylase 2 (HDAC2), or transcriptional regulator homolog RPD3 L1, is highly homologous to the yeast transcription factor RPD3 (reduced potassium dependency 3) gene. As in yeast, human HDA2 is likely to be involved in regulating chromatin structure





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during transcription. It has been implicated to associate with YY1, a mammalian zinc-finger transcription factor, which negatively regulates transcription by tethering RPD3 to DNA as a cofactor. This process is highly conserved from yeast to human.

HDAC2 Antibody (C-term) - References

Choi, Y.B., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(49):50930-50941 (2004). Zhu, P., et al., Cancer Cell 5(5):455-463 (2004). Longworth, M.S., et al., J. Virol. 78(7):3533-3541 (2004). Lu, Y., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(48):47792-47802 (2003). Verdin, E., et al., Trends Genet. 19(5):286-293 (2003).