

## eNOS Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # A01327a

# Specification

#### eNOS Antibody - Product Information

Application	IHC, WB, FC, IF
Primary Accession	<u>P29474</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	lgG1
Calculated MW	133kDa KDa
Description	

Endothelial nitric-oxide synthase (eNOS), also known as NOS3, it is an important enzyme in the cardiovascular system. It is a reactive free radical which acts as a biologic mediator in several processes, including neurotransmission and antimicrobial and antitumoral activities. Nitric oxide is synthesized from L-arginine by nitric oxide synthases. Variations in this gene are associated with susceptibility to coronary spasm.

### Immunogen

Purified recombinant fragment of human eNOS expressed in E. Coli.

### Formulation

Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

eNOS Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4846

## **Other Names**

Nitric oxide synthase, endothelial, 1.14.13.39, Constitutive NOS, cNOS, EC-NOS, Endothelial NOS, eNOS, NOS type III, NOSIII, NOS3

Dilution IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 WB~~1:500~~2000 FC~~1:200~~400 IF~~1:200~1000.

Storage

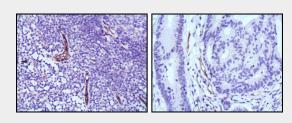


Figure 1: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lymph node (left) and colon cancer (right) tissues using eNOS mouse mAb with DAB staining.

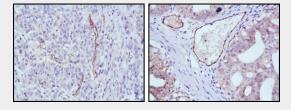


Figure 2: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human stomach cancer (left) and ovary cancer (right) tissues using eNOS mouse mAb with DAB staining.

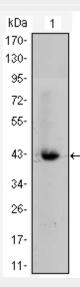


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using CTNNB1 mouse mAb against CTNNB1-hlgGFc transfected HEK293 cell lysate.



Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

eNOS Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### eNOS Antibody - Protein Information

## Name NOS3

## Function

Produces nitric oxide (NO) which is implicated in vascular smooth muscle relaxation through a cGMP-mediated signal transduction pathway. NO mediates vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-induced angiogenesis in coronary vessels and promotes blood clotting through the activation of platelets.

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane. Membrane, caveola. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Golgi apparatus. Note=Specifically associates with actin cytoskeleton in the G2 phase of the cell cycle; which is favored by interaction with NOSIP and results in a reduced enzymatic activity

### **Tissue Location**

Platelets, placenta, liver and kidney.

## eNOS Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

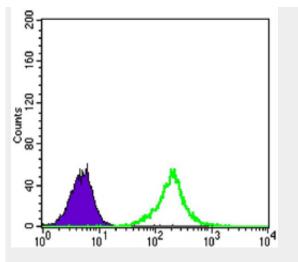


Figure 4: Flow cytometric analysis of A549 cells using CTNNB1 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (purple).

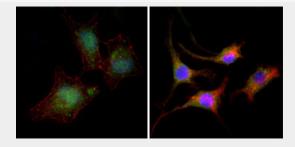


Figure 2:Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 (left) and SK-BR-3 (right) cells using anti-CTNNB1 mAb (green). Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with DY-554 phalloidin. Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.

## eNOS Antibody - References

1. Nature. 1999 Jun 10;399(6736):601-5. 2. Oncol Rep. 2004 Nov;12(5):1007-11. 3. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2008 May;109(1):181-2.