

RAD51AP1 Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS13647

Specification

RAD51AP1 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB, IHC
096B01
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
38kDa KDa

RAD51AP1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 10635

Other Names

RAD51-associated protein 1, RAD51-interacting protein, R51A1

Target/Specificity Human RAD51AP1.

Reconstitution & Storage

Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

Precautions

RAD51AP1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

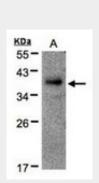
RAD51AP1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name RAD51AP1

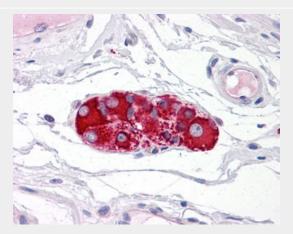
{ECO:0000303|PubMed:16990250, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:16956}

Function

Structure-specific DNA-binding protein involved in DNA repair by promoting RAD51-mediated homologous recombination (PubMed:17996710, PubMed:17996711,



Sample(30 g of whole cell lysate). A: Raji. 12% SDS PAGE. RAD51AP1 antibody diluted at 1:500.



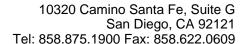
Anti-RAD51AP1 antibody IHC of human small intestine, submucosal plexus.

RAD51AP1 Antibody - Background

May participate in a common DNA damage response pathway associated with the activation of homologous recombination and double-strand break repair. Functionally cooperates with PALB2 in promoting of D-loop formation by RAD51. Binds to single and double stranded DNA, and is capable of aggregating DNA. Also binds RNA.

RAD51AP1 Antibody - References

Kovalenko O.V., et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 25:4946-4953(1997).





PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/20871616"

target="_blank">20871616,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/25288561"

target=" blank">25288561,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/26323318"

target="_blank">26323318). Acts by stimulating D-Loop formation by RAD51: specifically enhances joint molecule formation through its structure-specific DNA interaction and its interaction with RAD51 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/17996710"}

target=" blank">17996710,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/17996711"

target="_blank">17996711). Binds single-stranded DNA (ssDNA), double-stranded DNA (dsDNA) and

secondary DNA structures, such as D-loop

structures: has a strong preference for branched-DNA structures that are

obligatory intermediates during joint molecule formation (PubMed:<a href="http:

//www.uniprot.org/citations/9396801"

 $target="_blank">9396801,$

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/17996711"

target="_blank">17996711,

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/22375013"

target=" blank">22375013,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/17996710"

target=" blank">17996710).

Cooperates with WDR48/UAF1 to stimulate

RAD51-mediated homologous

recombination: both WDR48/UAF1 and

RAD51AP1 have coordinated role in

DNA-binding during homologous

recombination and DNA repair (PubMed:27463890,

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/27239033"

target=" blank">27239033,

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/32350107"

target=" blank">32350107).

WDR48/UAF1 and RAD51AP1 also have a coordinated role in DNA-binding to promote USP1-mediated deubiquitination of FANCD2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/31253762"

target=" blank">31253762). Also

Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Kovalenko O.V.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 34:5081-5092(2006). Dephoure N.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.

105:10762-10767(2008).



involved in meiosis by promoting DMC1-mediated homologous meiotic recombination (PubMed:21307306). Key mediator of alternative lengthening of telomeres (ALT) pathway, a homology-directed repair mechanism of telomere elongation that controls proliferation in aggressive cancers, by stimulating homologous recombination (PubMed:31400850), May also bind RNA; additional evidences are however required to confirm RNA-binding in vivo (PubMed:9396801).

Cellular Location

Chromosome. Nucleus Chromosome, telomere. Note=Colocalizes with RAD51 to multiple nuclear foci (By similarity). Colocalizes with DMC1 on meiotic chromatin (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8C551}

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in testis and thymus (PubMed:9396801). Lower levels in colon and small intestine (PubMed:9396801). Little or no expression in spleen, prostate, ovary and peripheral blood leukocytes (PubMed:9396801)

Volume 50 μl

RAD51AP1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture