

Biotinylated Anti-Human β-NGF Antibody

Catalog # ABG10523

Specification

Biotinylated Anti-Human $\beta\text{-NGF}$ Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, E
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

Biotinylated Anti-Human β -NGF Antibody - Additional Information

Preparation

Produced from sera of rabbits pre-immunized with highly pure recombinant Human β -NGF. Anti-Human β -NGF specific antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and then biotinylated.

WesternBlot

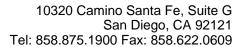
To detect Human β -NGF by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1 - 0.2 μ g/ml. When used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents, the detection limit for recombinant Human β -NGF is 1.5 - 3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-reducing conditions.

Sandwich

To detect Human β -NGF by sandwich ELISA (using 100 μ l/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.25 – 1.0 μ g/ml of this antibody is required. This biotinylated polyclonal antibody, in conjunction with BioGems' Polyclonal Anti-Human β -NGF (60-247P) as a capture antibody, allows the detection of at least 0.2 – 0.4 ng/well of recombinant Human β -NGF.

Direct

To detect Human β -NGF by direct ELISA (using 100 μ l/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.25 – 1.0 μ g/ml of this antibody is required. This biotinylated polyclonal antibody, in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents, allows the detection of at least 0.2 – 0.4 ng/well of





recombinant Human β-NGF.

Formulation

A sterile filtered antibody solution was lyophilized from PBS, pH 7.2.

Reconstitution

Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Reconstitute in sterile PBS containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage

-20°C

Precautions

Biotinylated Anti-Human β -NGF Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Biotinylated Anti-Human β -NGF Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture