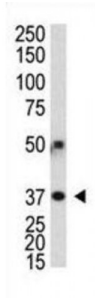


Ubiquitin-Like-Conjugating Enzyme ATG3 (ATG3) Antibody

Catalogue No.: abx029990



Macroautophagy is the major inducible pathway for the general turnover of cytoplasmic constituents in eukaryotic cells, it is also responsible for the degradation of active cytoplasmic enzymes and organelles during nutrient starvation. Macroautophagy involves the formation of double-membrane bound autophagosomes which enclose the cytoplasmic constituent targeted for degradation in a membrane bound structure, which then fuse with the lysosome (or vacuole) releasing a single-membrane bound autophagic bodies which are then degraded within the lysosome (or vacuole). APG3L is an E2-like conjugating enzyme facilitating covalent binding of APG8 (MAP1LC3) to phosphatidylethanolamine (PE). APG7 (an E1-like enzyme) facilitates this reaction by forming an E1-E2 complex with APG3. Formation of the PE conjugate is essential for autophagy.

Target: ATG3

Reactivity: Human

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Tested Applications: WB

Recommended dilutions: Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Immunogen: Human ATG3.

Purification: Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody.

Isotype: IgG

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Specificity: This ATG3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 2-31 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human ATG3.

Storage: Aliquot and store at -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Abbexa Ltd, Innovation Centre, Cambridge Science Park, Cambridge, CB4 0EY, UK
Telephone: +44 (0) 1223 755950 - Fax: +44 (0) 1223 755951 - E-Mail: info@abbexa.com

Swiss Prot: [Q9NT62](#)

Buffer: PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Note: This product is for research use only.