

# Human CD200 ELISA Kit

Catalog number: NR-E10116 (96 wells)

The kit is designed to quantitatively detect the levels of Human CD200 in cell culture supernatants, serum, plasma and other suitable sample solution.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PURPOSES

## **Important notes**

Before using this product, please read this manual carefully; after reading the subsequent contents of this manual, please note the following specially:

- The operation should be carried out in strict accordance with the provided instructions.
- Store the unused strips in a sealed foil bag at 2-8°C.
- Always avoid foaming when mixing or reconstituting protein solutions.
- Pipette reagents and samples into the center of each well, avoid bubbles.
- The samples should be transferred into the assay wells within 15 minutes of dilution.
- We recommend that all standards, testing samples are tested in duplicate.
- Using serial diluted sample is recommended for first test to get the best dilution factor.
- If the blue color develops too light after 15 minutes incubation with the substrate, it may

be appropriate to extend the incubation time (Do not over-develop).

- Avoid cross-contamination by changing tips, using separate reservoirs for each reagent.
- Avoid using the suction head without extensive wash.
- Do not mix the reagents from different batches.
- Stop Solution should be added in the same order of the Substrate Solution.
- TMB developing agent is light-sensitive. Avoid prolonged exposure to the light.

## Intended use

The kit is used to quantify the Human CD200 in serum, plasma, body fluids, tissue lysate or cell culture supernatant.

Standard range	31.22000 pg/ml			
Sensitivity	10.0 pg/ml			
Assay time	4 hours			
Validity	Six months			
Store at	2-8 °C			

#### **Assay principle**

This Human CD200 ELISA Kit is based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay technology. Human CD200 specific antibody has been precoated onto 96-well plate. The test samples and the biotinylated Human CD200 specific detection antibody are added to the wells subsequently and then followed by washing the plate. Streptavidin-HRP is added and unbound conjugates are washed away with Wash Buffer. HRP substrate TMB is used to visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB is catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product that changes into yellow after adding acidic Stop Solution. The density of yellow is proportional to the Human CD200 amount of sample captured in plate.



## **Materials supplied**

1.Human CD200 standard:	10 ng/vial ×2.
2. 96-well plate pre-coated with anti-Human CD200 Ab:	1.
3. Sample diluent buffer:	12 ml× 2.
4. Detection antibody:	130 μl, dilution 1:100.
5. Streptavidin-HRP:	130 μl, dilution 1:100.
6. Antibody diluent buffer:	12 ml.
7. Streptavidin-HRP diluent buffer:	12 ml.
8. TMB developing agent:	10 ml.
9. Stop Solution:	10 ml.
10. 20 × Wash Buffer:	25 ml.
11. Plate sealer	1.
12. Package insert	1.

## Materials required but not supplied

- 37°C incubator.
- Standard plate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Adjustable pipettes and disposable pipette tips.
- Multi-channel pipettes, manifold dispenser or automated microplate washer.
- Distilled water.
- Absorbent paper.
- Materials used for sample preparation.

## Sample Preparation and storage

Store samples to be assayed within 24 hours at 2-8°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- Cell culture supernatant, tissue lysate or body fluids: Remove particulates by centrifugation, analyze immediately or aliquot and store at -20°C
- Serum: Allow the serum to clot in a serum separator tube (about 4hours) at room temperature. Centrifuge at approximately 1000 X g for 15 min. Analyze the serum immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.
- Plasma: Collect plasma using heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C. EDTA and citrate are not recommended as the anticoagulant.

# **Reagent Preparation**

## Standard

- Human CD200: Standard solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment. Two tubes of standard (10 ng /vial) are included in each kit. Use one tube for each experiment.
- 2000 pg/ml→31.2 pg/ml of Human CD200 standard solutions:
- Add 1 ml of sample diluents into one standard tube with 10 ng Human CD200. Keep the tube at room temperature for 10 minutes and mix thoroughly. This is 10000 pg/ml standard solution.
- Label 7 Eppendorf tubes with 2000 pg/ml, 1000 pg/ml,500 pg/ml,250 pg/ml, 125 pg/ml, 62.5 pg/ml, 31.2 pg/ml respectively. Aliquot 0.8 ml of the sample diluents and add 0.2 ml of 10000 pg/ml standard solution into 2000 pg/ml tube. Then make 2-fold serial dilution from 2000 pg/ml to 31.2 pg/ml in seven 1.5 ml tubes.
- Make sure each tube has  $\geq$  300 ul of standard.

Note: The standard solutions are best used within 2 hours.

# Preparation of biotinylated anti-Human CD200 antibody working solution

- The solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment.
- The total volume should be: 0.1ml/well x the number of wells (Allowing 0.1-0.2 ml more than total volume.
- Biotinylated anti-Human CD200 detection antibody should be diluted in 1:100 with Antibody diluent buffer and mixed thoroughly.

# Preparation of Streptavidin-HRP working solution

- The solution should be prepared no more than 1 hour prior to the experiment.
- The total volume should be: 0.1ml/well x the number of wells (Allowing 0.1-0.2 ml more than total volume).
- Streptavidin-HRP should be diluted in 1:100 with Streptavidin-HRP diluent buffer and mixed thoroughly.

# Wash Buffer

- If crystals have formed in the 20 × wash buffer, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
- Dilute 25 ml Wash Buffer Concentrate (20 ×) to a total volume of 500ml with distilled water.

#### Assay procedures

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. Human CD200 Standard curve should be prepared for each experiment. The user will decide sample dilution factor by rough estimation of Human CD200 concentration in samples.

- Add 100 μl of sample or standards per well. Add 0.1ml of the sample diluent into the control well (Zero well). Cover with an adhesive strip and incubate 90 minutes at 37°C. Note: We recommend that each Human CD200 standard solution and each sample is measured in duplicate.
- 2. Aspirate each well and wash with Wash Buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 μl) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or auto-washer. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels.
- 3. Add 100  $\mu$ l of the Detection Antibody working solution to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip and incubate 60minutes at 37°C.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2.
- 5. Add 100  $\mu$ l of the working solution of Streptavidin-HRP to each well. Cover the plate and incubate for 30 minutes at 37°C.
- 6. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 for five times.
- Add 90µl of TMB developing agent to each well. Cover and incubate for 20-40 minutes at room temperature (Protect from light. Do not over-develop).
- 8. Add 90µl Stop Solution to each well. Mix well.
- 9. Read the Optical Density (O.D.) at 450 nm using a microtiter plate reader immediately.

#### **Result calculation**

For calculation, (the relative O.D.450) = (the O.D.450 of each well) – (the O.D.450 of Zero well). The standard curve can be plotted as the relative O.D.450 of each standard solution (Y) vs. the respective concentration of the standard solution (X). The Human CD200 concentration of the standard curve.

**Note:** if the samples measured were diluted, multiply the dilution factor to the concentrations from interpolation to obtain the concentration before dilution.

#### Typical data:

This standard curve was generated at Novatein biolab for demonstration purpose only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.

Conc (pg/ml)	0	31.2	62.5	125	250	500	1000	2000
O.D.( 450nm)	0.033	0.096	0.131	0.217	0.363	0.656	1.073	2.030



#### **Background:**

CD200, also known as OX-2 (OX-2 membrane glycoprotein), is a transmembrane immunoregulatory protein belonging to the immunoglobulin superfamily. The human CD200 is a 278 amino acid (aa) precursor that includes a 30 aa signal sequence, a 202 aa extracellular domain (ECD), a 27 aa transmembrane segment, and a 19 aa cytoplasmic domain. The ECD is composed of one Ig-like V type domain and one Ig like C2 type domain. Multiple alternatively spliced variants of CD200 have been described. The ECD of human CD200 shares 76% aa sequence identity with mouse and rat CD200.

CD200 is a ligand for CD200R which is expressed primarily in mast cells, basophils, macrophages, and dendritic cells, suggesting that CD200 may play an important role in myeloid cell regulation. It is reported that CD200 knockout mice are characterized by increased macrophage number and activation and are predisposed to autoimmune disorders. CD200 interacts with CD200R via their respective N-terminal Ig like domains. In myeloid cells, CD200R initiates inhibitory signals following ligand binding, while, in T cells, CD200 functions as a costimulatory molecule independent of the CD28 pathway. Several other CD200R- like molecules have been identified in human and mouse, but their capacity to interact with CD200 needs to be investigated further. Interestingly, many viruses encode CD200 homologs which are expressed on infected cells during the lytic phase. It is showed that viral CD200 homologs also suppress myeloid cell activity to increase viral propagation.

Manufactured and Distributed by: Novatein Biosciences 310 W Cummings Park, MA, 01810, USA Phone: (617) 238-1396 Fax: (617) 380-0053 Toll Free: (888) 856-2858 <u>http://www.novateinbio.com/</u> Email: Info@novateinbio.com