

## LDH

### LDH, Native Human Lactate Dehydrogenase

<b>Catalog No.</b>	CSI14798A	<b>Quantity:</b>	100 units
	CSI14798B		500 units

**Description:** Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) catalyses the interconversion of pyruvate and lactate with concomitant interconversion of NADH and NAD<sup>+</sup>. It converts pyruvate, the final product of glycolysis to lactate when oxygen is absent or in short supply, and it performs the reverse reaction during the Cori Cycle in the liver. At high concentrations of lactate, the enzyme exhibits feedback inhibition and the rate of conversion of pyruvate to lactate is decreased.

There are five isoenzymes: LDH1 (heart), LDH2 (reticuloendothelial system), LDH3 (lung), LDH4 (kidneys), and LDH5 (liver and striated muscles).

**Concentration:** Typically >1 mg Protein/mL

**Source:** Human Erythrocyte

**Formulation:** Ammonium Sulfate Suspension

**Specific Activity:** Typically >100 U/mL @ 37°C

**Unit Definition:** One unit will catalyze the transformation of one micromole of L-lactate to pyruvate per minute at 37°C and pH 8.55

**Storage & Stability:** Store at 2-4°C. 1 year.

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